微生物サステイナビリティ研究センター MiCS国際セミナー

日 時:2025年12月18日(木)

15:00~17:00

会 場:筑波大学 総合研究棟 A110

公開講義室



講 師: Associate Prof. Yuichiro Takagi

(Indiana University School of Medicine)

Structural and Mechanistic Characterization of Human Asparagine Synthetase Inhibition by ASX-173: Implications for Cancer Therapy and Microbiology

Abstract

Asparagine metabolism, conserved from microorganisms to humans, represents a fundamental biochemical process central to both microbiology and human disease. Targeting asparagine metabolism is a promising strategy for treating asparaginaseresistant acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), sarcoma, and potentially other solid tumors. Here, we characterize the molecular mechanism by which a cell-penetrable small molecule, ASX-173, inhibits human asparagine synthetase (ASNS), the enzyme that catalyzes intracellular asparagine biosynthesis. ASX-173 reduces cellular asparagine levels, induces the integrated stress response (ISR), and reduces cell growth in HEK-293A cells. A cryo-EM structure reveals that ASX-173 engages a unique, hydrophobic pocket formed by AMP, Mg2+, and pyrophosphate in the C-terminal synthetase domain of ASNS, thereby enabling multivalent, high-affinity binding. Based on in vitro kinetic and thermal shift assays, we find that ASX-173 binds to the ASNS/Mg2+/ATP complex and is therefore a rare example of an uncompetitive enzyme inhibitor with potential therapeutic use. These findings provide a structural and mechanistic basis for targeting ASNS with small molecules, which have application in treating cancer and other human diseases.

主 催:筑波大学 微生物サステイナビリティ研究センター (MiCS)

世話人:小林 達彦(生物機能・教授)

問合せ:admin.mics@un.tsukuba.ac.jp (MiCS事務室)



